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10/743,443	12/19/2003	Jose Luis Moctezuma De La Barrera	29997/065	1735
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311 S. WACKER DRIVE			RAJ, RAJIV J	
SUITE 2500 CHICAGO, IL 60606			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3626	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	10/743,443	BARRERA, JOSE LUIS MOCTEZUMA DE LA				
omoo nodon odminary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	RAJIV J. RAJ	3626				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	L. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 M	a <u>y 2008</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1,3,7,10,12,15,16,18,23-25,27,28 and</u> 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1,3,7,10,12,15,16,18,23-25,27,28 and</u> 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration. 1 30-34 is/are rejected.	cation.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)	. 🗖					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te				

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

- 1. This action is in reply to the application filed on 13 May 2008.
- 2. Claims 1,3,7,10,12,15,16,18,23-25,27,28 and 30 have been amended.
- 3. Claims 2,4,17 and 19 have been canceled.
- 4. Claims 31-34 have been added.
- 5. Claims 1,3,7,10,12,15,16,18,23-25,27,28 and 30-34 are currently pending and have been examined.

Claim Objections

3. The objection to claims 2 and 17 in the previous rejection, made under 37 CFR 1.75(c), have been withdrawn in light of Applicant canceling claims 2 and 17.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 6. Claims 1,3,7,10,12,15,16,18,23-25,27,28 and 30-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Der Brug (US 5954648) (hereinafter Van Der Brug) in view of Malackowski et

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al. (US 2003/0093103 A1) (hereinafter Malackowski) in further view of Iliff (US 2001-0012913 A1)

(hereinafter lliff).

Claim 1

Van Der Brug as shown, discloses the following limitations:

• identifying a component usable in the procedure; (see at least Van Der Brug Column:1

Lines:23-28 "The position detection system of the known image guided surgery system

comprises two cameras which pick-up images of the surgical instrument from different

directions. The image guided surgery system includes a data processor for deriving the

position in space of the surgical instrument from image signals from both cameras.")

displaying a representation related to the consequent step on a display unit (see at least Van

Der Brug Fig. Items 4,5,8 & related text)

Van Der Brug does not disclose the following limitation, however Malackowski, as shown, does:

determining the consequent step within the procedure based on the identity of the component and the

particular step ([see at least Malackowski [0087] "The control console 28, based on the data read

from chip 64, configures the system so it will operate in an appropriate manner given the specific

characteristics of the specific attached cutting accessory")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the

limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and

system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being

operated on.

Van Der Brug and Malackowski do not disclose the following limitation, however Iliff, as shown, does:

• identifying a particular step within the multi-step procedure; (see at least lliff [0131])

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add the feature

of Iliff into Van Der Brug/Malackowski with the motivation to provide an improved method and system for

assessing, identifying, determining, and executing the appropriate steps for a medical procedure. (see at

least Iliff [0013).

Claim 3

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

identifying a particular location and wherein the determining step is based on the location, the identity of the component, and the particular step (see at least Van De Berg Column: 3, line 57 to column 4, line 6 "The image guided surgery system comprises a position detection system which includes a camera unit 1 with one or more cameras 10 and a data processor 2" "The data processor 2 includes a computer 21 which, on the basis of the image signals, computes the position of the surgical instrument relative to the patient 12 who is undergoing a surgical operation")

Claim 5

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

• the component is a multipart component capable of self identifying the component's composite parts (see at least Van De Berg Figure Items:1,3,10 as well as related text)

Claim 6

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 5. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

• the multipart component is a tool with an attached device wherein the tool can identify the attached device (see at least Van De Berg Figure Items:1,3,10)

Claim 7

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 5. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

• the multipart component is a tool with an attached device wherein the attached device is separately identifiable (see at least Van De Berg Figure Items:1,3,10)

Claim 8

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 3. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

• the identification of a particular location is done using a navigation system. (see at least Van

De Berg Column:1 Lines:52-58 "a position detection system that can be accurately directed

to the operating region. . ." "This object is achieved by an image guided surgery system

according to the invention which is characterized in that the position detection system is

provided with an indicator system for marking a region for which the position detection

system is sensitive")

Claim 9

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1.

Malackowski further discloses the following limitation:

• configuring the consequent step with a parameter of the component. (see at least

Malackowski [0077] "if the data indicates that the use of the cutting accessory was relatively

recent, within, for example, 24 hours, controller 70 interprets this data as indicating that the

use was in association with the current surgical procedure. Controller 70 interprets either of

these two states as being ones in which use of the cutting accessory can continue normally.")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the

limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and

system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being

operated on.

Claim 10

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1.

Malackowski further discloses the following limitation:

the consequent step is a warning that the component is inappropriate for the particular step (see at

least Malackowski [0078] "controller 70 reexecutes steps 123, 126 and 128, and, if necessary, step,

124, before reexecuting step continued operation step 128. When continuing operation step 128 is

reexecuted, the system 20 has been reconfigured to actuate the handpiece in accordance with the

characteristics of the newly attached cutting accessory 24")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being operated on.

Claim 11

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

 the consequent step includes controlling a piece of auxiliary apparatus. (see at least Van De Berg Column:4 Lines:44-46 "the surgeon 7 who handles the surgical instrument 11 can see the actual position of the surgical instrument 11 in the operating region on the display device 5")

Claim 12

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1.

Malackowski further discloses the following limitations:

- identifying an additional component and (see at least Malackowski [0165] "the control console
 that reads the accessory and implant identify data may be attached to a local area network to
 which other equipment both in the operating room and elsewhere in the medical facility are
 attached.")
- wherein the determination of the consequent step is based on the identity of the component,
 the identity of the additional component, and the particular step (see at least Malackowski
 [0087] "The control console 28, based on the data read from chip 64, configures the system
 so it will operate in an appropriate manner given the specific characteristics of the specific
 attached cutting accessory")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being operated on.

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Claim 13

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1. Van

Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

• the additional step of moving to the determined consequent step. (see at least Van De Berg

Column:2 Lines:55-57 "The indicator system is arranged to detect a light source that is

placed in the operating region in which the surgical instrument is going to be moved.")

Claim 14

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1. Van

Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

• the procedure is a surgical procedure. (see at least Van De Berg Column:1 Lines:26-30 "The

image guided surgery system includes a data processor for deriving the position in space of

the surgical instrument from image signals from both cameras. During the operation images

that had been collected earlier are being shown to the surgeon.")

Claim 15

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski discloses all the limitations of Claim 1.

Malackowski further discloses the following limitations:

a database of user preferences and (see at least Malackowski [0072] "[0072] The system 20

of this invention is initially configured for operation by connecting the handpiece 22 to the

control console 28. Controller 70 reads the data in the handpiece NOVRAM 32, stores these

data in memory 69 and initially configures the system 20 to operate based on the data

contained in the NOVRAM.)

wherein the determining step is based on the database, the identity of the component, and

the particular step (see at least Malackowski [0087] "The control console 28, based on the

data read from chip 64, configures the system so it will operate in an appropriate manner

given the specific characteristics of the specific attached cutting accessory")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the

limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and

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system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being

operated on.

Claim 16

Van Der Brug as shown, discloses the following limitations:

a display unit that displays a representation related to the consequent step on (see at least

Van Der Brug Fig. Items 4,5,8 & related text)

Van Der Brug does not disclose the following limitations, however Malackowski, as shown, does:

means for identifying a component usable in the procedure; ([see at least Malackowski

[0045])

means for determining the consequent step within the procedure based on the identity of the

component and the particular step ([see at least Malackowski [0087] "The control console 28, based

on the data read from chip 64, configures the system so it will operate in an appropriate manner given

the specific characteristics of the specific attached cutting accessory")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the

limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and

system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being

operated on.

Van Der Brug and Malackowski do not disclose the following limitation, however Iliff, as shown, does:

means for identifying a particular step within the multi-step procedure; (see at least lliff

[0131])

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add the feature

of Iliff into Van Der Brug/Malackowski with the motivation to provide an improved method and system for

assessing, identifying, determining, and executing the appropriate steps for a medical procedure. (see at

least Iliff [0013]).

Claim 18

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 16. Van

Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

means for identifying a particular location of the component and wherein the third circuit determines the consequent step based on the location, the identity of the component, and the context. (see at least Van De Berg Column:3&4 Lines:57-60 & 2-6 "The image guided surgery system comprises a position detection system which includes a camera unit 1 with one or more cameras 10 and a data processor 2" "The data processor 2 includes a computer 21 which, on the basis of the image signals, computes the position of the surgical instrument relative to the patient 12 who is undergoing a surgical operation")

Van Der Brug does not disclose the following limitation, however Iliff, as shown does:

wherein the means for determining determines the consequent step based on the location,
 the identity of the component and particular step (see at least lliff [0131])

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add the feature of Iliff into Van Der Brug/Malackowski with the motivation to provide an improved method and system for assessing, identifying, determining, and executing the appropriate steps for a medical procedure. (see at least Iliff [0013).

Claim 20

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 16. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

• the component is a multipart component capable of self identifying the component's composite parts (see at least Van De Berg Figure Items:1,3,10)

Claim 21

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 20. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

• the multipart component is a tool with an attached device wherein the tool can identify the attached device (see at least Van De Berg Figure Items:1,3,10)

Claim 22

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 20. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

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• the multipart component is a tool with an attached device wherein the attached device

separately identifiable (see at least Van De Berg Figure Items:1,3,10)

Claim 23

The combination Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 18. Van Der

Brug further discloses the following limitation:

means for identifying a particular location of the component (see at least Van Der Brug

Column:3 Lines:57-65 Column:4 Lines:1-4)

• component is incorporated within a navigation system. (see at least Van De Berg Column:1

Lines:52-58 "a position detection system that can be accurately directed to the operating

region. . ." "This object is achieved by an image guided surgery system according to the

invention which is characterized in that the position detection system is provided with an

indicator system for marking a region for which the position detection system is sensitive")

Claim 24

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 16.

Malackowski further discloses the following limitation:

means for configuring the consequent step with a parameter of the component. (see at least

Malackowski [0077] "if the data indicates that the use of the cutting accessory was relatively

recent, within, for example, 24 hours, controller 70 interprets this data as indicating that the

use was in association with the current surgical procedure. Controller 70 interprets either of

these two states as being ones in which use of the cutting accessory can continue normally.")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the

limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and

system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being

operated on.

Claim 25

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 16

Malackowski further discloses the following limitation:

• the consequent step is a warning that the component is inappropriate for the particular step (see at

least Malackowski [0078] "controller 70 reexecutes steps 123, 126 and 128, and, if necessary, step,

124, before reexecuting step continued operation step 128. When continuing operation step 128 is

reexecuted, the system 20 has been reconfigured to actuate the handpiece in accordance with the

characteristics of the newly attached cutting accessory 24")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the

limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and

system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being

operated on.

Claim 26

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 16. Van

Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

the consequent step includes controlling a piece of auxiliary apparatus. (see at least Van De

Berg Column:4 Lines:44-46 "the surgeon 7 who handles the surgical instrument 11 can see

the actual position of the surgical instrument 11 in the operating region on the display device

5")

Claim 27

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 16

Malackowski further discloses the following limitations:

means for identifying an additional component and (see at least Malackowski [0165] "the

control console that reads the accessory and implant identify data may be attached to a local

area network to which other equipment both in the operating room and elsewhere in the

medical facility are attached.")

means for determining the consequent step based on the identity of the component, the

identity of the additional component, and the particular step (see at least Malackowski [0087]

"The control console 28, based on the data read from chip 64, configures the system so it will

operate in an appropriate manner given the specific characteristics of the specific attached cutting accessory")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being operated on.

Claim 28

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 16. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

• means for moving to the determined consequent step (see at least Van De Berg Column:2 Lines:55-57 "The indicator system is arranged to detect a light source that is placed in the operating region in which the surgical instrument is going to be moved.")

Claim 29

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 16. Van Der Brug further discloses the following limitation:

the procedure is a surgical procedure. (see at least Van De Berg Column:1 Lines:26-30 "The image guided surgery system includes a data processor for deriving the position in space of the surgical instrument from image signals from both cameras. During the operation images that had been collected earlier are being shown to the surgeon.")

Claim 30

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 16.

Malackowski further discloses the following limitations:

of this invention is initially configured for operation by connecting the handpiece 22 to the control console 28. Controller 70 reads the data in the handpiece NOVRAM 32, stores these data in memory 69 and initially configures the system 20 to operate based on the data contained in the NOVRAM.)

 means for determining the consequent step based on the database, the identity of the component, and the particular step (see at least Malackowski [0087] "The control console 28, based on the data read from chip 64, configures the system so it will operate in an

appropriate manner given the specific characteristics of the specific attached cutting

accessory")

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being operated on.

Claim 31

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1.

Malackowski further discloses the following limitations:

wherein one or more components needed for each step of the multi-step procedure are
 known (see at least Malackowski [0060] & [0155])

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being operated on.

Claim 32

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1.

Malackowski further discloses the following limitations:

 wherein the particular step and the consequent step relate to different representations on a display screen (see at least Malackowski [0157])

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being operated on.

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Claim 33

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/lliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 1.

Malackowski further discloses the following limitations:

determining whether the component is appropriate for a current step, a prior step, or a future

step, and if not, wherein the consequent step is a warning that the component is

inappropriate for the multi-step procedure (see at least Malackowski [0134])

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the

limitations of Malackowski to Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff with the motivation to provide a method and

system for more accurately showing a surgeon the position of a surgical instrument in a patient being

operated on.

Claim 34

The combination of Van Der Brug/Malackowski/Iliff discloses all the limitations of Claim 13. Iliff

further discloses the following limitations:

• the step of moving to the determined consequent step is performed without direct interaction

from a user (see at least Iliff Abstract & [0131])

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add the feature

of Iliff into Van Der Brug/Malackowski with the motivation to provide an improved method and system for

assessing, identifying, determining, and executing the appropriate steps for a medical procedure. (see at

least Iliff [0013).

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments received on 13 May 2008 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive. Applicants' arguments will be addressed herein below in the order in which they appear

in the response filed 13 May 2008.

8. In response to Applicant's argument, it is respectfully submitted that the Examiner has applied original

and new prior art to amended & added claims 1,3,7,10,12,15,16,18,23-25,27,28 and 30-34. The

Examiner notes that the amended & added claims were not in the previously pending claims as such, Applicant's remarks with regard to the applications of the prior art used in the first Non-Final Office Actions to the amended claims are moot in light of the addition of the newly cited prior art references as disclosed above.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX

MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to RAJIV J. RAJ whose telephone number is (571)270-3930. The examiner can normally be

reached on Monday thru Friday 8-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Luke

Gilligan can be reached on (571)272-6770. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

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or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-

1000.

/Rajiv J. Raj/, Art Unit 3626

/C Luke Gilligan/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3626